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TUCSON, PIMA COUNTY, A. T., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1874.

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Plain death notices, free. Oblivary remarks in prose, \$3 per square; in poetry, \$2 50 per line.

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ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW, Practices in all the Courts of the Territory. Office in the Hodge Building, Tucson. November 1, 1873.

COLES BASHFORD.

ATTORNEY AT LAW, ARIZONA Will practice in all the Courts of the

WILLIAM J. OSBORN,

NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER, Special assistance given in obtaining pa-tents for Mining and Preemption claims. Office north side Congress street, Tucson,

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attended to. Address, Vol.ney E. Howann & Sons, Los Aoge les, California. June 14-1y.

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HAVING ENLARGED AND REFITT-stock of

DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

I would respectfully invite the public to call and examine my goods and prices, at

THE SIGN OF THE MORTAR, On Congress street, at my old stand.

Will give prompt attention to compound-ing physicians prescriptions, and all or-ders from the town and surrounding country. CHARLES H. MEYERS.

FLOUR! FLOUR!!

HAVING PUT IN FINE RUNNING

EAGLE STEAM FLOURING MILL, in Tucson, I am prepared to fill orders for CHOICE FLOUR

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Patronage Solicited. Please call at the Mill and Examine my make of Flour and JAMES LEE.

Horses and Mules Ranched By A. C. BENEDICT.

SAHUARITO RANCH SANTA CRUZ VALLEY,

\$2.50 per Month for Each Animal. Careful Herders Always with the Stock.

This ranch has ample water and the BEST of GRASS in unlimited quantity. When ordered by the owner, stock will be fed grain at an additional price to be

be fed grain at an adminional garged upon.

Stock for this ranch, left at R. N. Leatherwood's corral in Tueson, with instructions as to feed, time, return, etc., will have prompt attention.

As the care of stock will be made a specialty on this ranch, owners can rely upon their animals sent to it, receiving the best of care.

of care. January 31, 1874.

THE ARIZONA CITIZEN Arizona Measures Pending in Congress.

Divested of all introductory matter, the following are bills and measures introduced in the present Congress by Delegate McCermick.

McCormick.

Introduced December 8, 1873, read twice and referred to the committee on public lands:

That all the right and title of the United States to the land situated within the corporate limits of the city of Tucson, in the Territory of Arizona, and known as the western addition to Tucson, as refined by an act of the legislative assembly of the Territory of Arizona, be, and the same are hereby, relinquished and granted to the corporate authority of said city, and its successors, in trust, for and with authority to convey so much of said land as is in the boins-fide occupancy of parties upon the passage of this act, by themselves or tenarits: Provided, That this grant shall not extend to any reservation of the United States, nor prejudice any valid adverseright or cinim, if such exist, to said land, or any part thereof, nor preciude a judicial examination and adjustment thereof.

Introduced January 12, 1874, read twice

examination and adjustment thereof.
Introduced January 12, 1874, read twice and referred to the committee on claims:
That there be, and is hereby, appropriated, out of any moneys in the Treasury of the United States not otherwise appropriated, the sum of five thousand two hundred and fifty-six deliars, to be paid by the Secretary of the Interior, upon vouchers satisfactory to him, to Milton B. Duffield, tale United States marshal for the Territory of Arizona, in full compensation for extra services rendered, and for court, traveling, and other expenses necessarily incurred by him while in the discharge of the duties of said office.
Introduced January 19, 1874, read twice

Introduced January 19, 1874, read twice and referred to the committee on military

and referred to the committee on initials:

That there be, and is hereby, appropriated, out of any moneys in the Treasury of the United States not otherwise appropriated, the sum of one thousand five hundred dollars, to be paid by the Secretary of War to Charles A. Lake, now of Prescott Territory of Arizona, in full compensation for property taken from him, for use of the government, in the extension of the military reservation at Camp Mohave, in said Territory, under general orders numbered sixty-two, dated headquarters of the army, August 16, 1889.

Introduced January 19, 1874, road twice

and reserved to the commentarians:

That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized to relicquish and turn over to the department of the Interior, for restoration to the public domain, such parts of what are known as the Fort Yuma, Fort Whipple, and Camp Date Creek reservations, in the Territory of Arizona, as may be reported by the military authorities to be no longer required for military nursees.

tary purposes.

Introduced January 19, 1874, read twice and referred to the committee on the ju-

and referred to the committee on the judiciary:
That all those Mexican citizens and residents who, at the dates of the ireaty of
Guadalupe-Hidalgo and the Gadsden treaty, respectively, were established as such
citizens and residents in any territories
nequired by the United States from Mexico through the said treaties, and who have
sines continued to reside in good faith
within the limits of the United States,
are, and shall be, entitled to have, possess, exercise, and enjoy all such rights,
powers, and privileges under the law as
belong and are accorded to citizens of the
United States.

Sec. 2. That every such Mexican citizen

Sec. 2. That every such Mexican citizen and resident, having continued to reside as aforesaid, has, and shall continue to have, the right to sue and be sucd, to acquire, possess, hold, enjoy, and dispose of property, whether real, personal, or mixed, as fully as any citizen of the United States.

States.

Sec. 3. That any such Mexican citizen and resident, having continued to reside as aforesald, and being desirous of actual naturalization under the Consitution and the laws of the United States, shall be entitled to the same, on proof of such residence and the other legal requisites, in any competent court, without a previous declaration of intention.

Introduced January 26, 1874, read twice and referred to the committee on Territo

and referred to the committee on Terrno-ries:
That the Judges of the supreme court of Arizona, or any two of them when togeth-er in any one district, or separate in their respective districts of the said Territory, in term or vacation, and by writing through the mail, or otherwise, may ap-point such special sessions of the said court, to be held at times and places con-venient to parties and their counsel, as the business of the said court may require, and such special sessions of the regular terms of the said court.

Introduced January 5, 1874, read twice

Introduced January 5, 1874, read twice and referred to the committee on public

lands:
Your memorialists, the legislative assembly of the Territory of Arizona, most respectfully represent to your honorable bodies that there are vast tracts of land in this Territory covered with nutritious grasses, and capable of producing all kinds of vegetation in abundance if supplied with water.

kinds of vegetation in abundance if supplied with water.

Your memorialists believe, by sinking artesian wells, that most if not all of these lands may be reclaimed and made to contribute to the support of large numbers of people, and add greatly to the wealth, happiness, and prosperity of the whole population.

Your memorialists would further state that the cost of sinking these wells is very great, and without some assistance from the government, by the donation of lands, individuals cannot afford the expense and risk of sinking them; therefore your memorialists most carnestly and respectfully urge that a reasonable donation of the public lands be made to any person who obtains water on these dry lands by means of artesian wells: Therefore, Be it resolved by the house of representatives, the council of the Territory of Arizona concurring). That our belegate in Congress be, and he is hereby, required to use all honorable means to bring this subject to the carnest and favorable consideration of Congress.

et to the earnest and favorable consider-

allon of Congress.

And be it further resolved, That the se retary of the Territory be requested to transmit a copy of the foregoing memorial and resolution to our Delegate in Congress, and also a copy to each of the governors

of the States of California, Nevada, and Texas, and the Territories of Utah, Idano, Montana, Wyoming, Colorado, and New Mexico, with a request that the same be presented to the legislatures of the several States and Territories named, for their co-operation to obtain the object set forth in the foregoing memorial.

operation to obtain the object set forth in the foregoing memorial.

Introduced Jannary 19, 1874, and referred to the committee on public lands:

Your petitioners, the legislative assembly of the Territory of Arizona, beg leave to represent to your honorable bodies that the 18th and 38th sections of the public lands have been donated to the several States for school purposes, and also an amount equal to 30,000 acres for each Sonator and Representative in Congress for the benefit of agricultural colleges and the mechanic arts; and your petitioners further state that in the infant establishment of free schools with limited means, the necessity for the benefits of the proceeds of the sales of said lands are more urgent than at a later period.

Your petitioners would further represent that the legislative assembly of the Territory of Arizona have already provided by land.

We, therefore, cornectly ask, that said

law for the acceptance of said grants or land.

We, therefore, carnestly ask that said lands may be ceded to the Territory of Ar-izona, to be sold and the interest arising from such sales to be used for the benefit of public schools: Now, therefore, Resolved, That our Delegate in Con-gress be, and he is hereby, requested to use all honorable means to secure action by Congress to carry out the wishes ex-pressed in the foregoing memorial, and the sceretury of the Territory is hereby in-structed to forward a copy of this memo-rial to our Delegate in Congress.

San Carlos Apaches Discovered.

Mr. E. N. Fish and a small escort got in from Camp Grant last Thursday evening From them we learn that Capt. A. B. Taylor, Fifth Cavalry, with a command of troops, recently discovered the San Carlos Indians in a body about fifteen miles north of old Camp Grant in the Mescal mountains. Feeling that his force was in sufficient for a successful battle, he re turned to Camp Grant for reinforcements. On Wednesday all available troops at Grant were started out. Major Brown, commanding Camp Grant, is doing all he can to equip and keep out troops. In antheipation of a need for them, he sent some 50,000 pounds of supplies to San Carlos, and we are informed that a requisition for them was made about that time by the commanding officer at San Carlos. At latest dates, nothing had been heard from Capt. Hamilton and his command, who left Grant well equipped about two weeks

Our Prescott dispatches show that Lieu tenant Schuyler, with thirty-five cavairy troops and 100 picked Indian scouts, is on his way from Verde to McDowell, at which place he is expected next week, and then will proceed eastward. A scout is evidently out from Apache, and with the strong force from Grant and all mov ing towards the place where Captain Taylor discovered the San Carlos Indians, good work may be expected at any time.

It seems as if events are conspiring to effect a very large killing of the San Carlos Indians, and judged from all past history of them and their management, the more killed the better. Just who is responsible for the late San Carlos outbreak and incidentally for the killing of seven persons and destruction of much property, has not yet come to our knowledge in a convincing manner. Until the responsibility is definitely located, THE CITIZEN will let others comment on the many rumors and charges and counter charges.

News was received here early in the week that about 300 of the San Carlos Apaches who went on a murdering raid January 31, had gone to Camp Apache and that Major Randall Intended to send them back to San Carlos. They evidently found it amcomfortable to live in the snowy mountains, and then the troops are scouring their accustomed baunts with a zeal that ought to soon lead to the destruction of them. Up till Gen. Crook's military administration in Arizona, the Apaches were quite safe when in the Pinal, Mescal Tonto or almost any other mountains; since that, they find no peace and little safety off reservations. So far as we can learn, the San Carlos outbreak, although known to have cost seven lives and much property, has not frightened the people as much as was reasonably expected. People seem to travel and move about almost as freely as before on the traveled routes. Confidence prevails that the military will so vigorously pursue and punish the Apaches, that no new depredations will be committed by those who left San Carlos. Notwithstanding this confidence, caution in moving about the country should be exercised.

MARRIAGE—the gate through which the happy lover leaves enchanted regions and returns to earth.

The Storm Eastward in Arizona.

The late storm damaged Camp Bowle more than any previous one. On the 18th G. W. Hamor wrote S. Ii, Drachman that every building at the post was leaking and some were falling down; that the hospital had partly tallen and the commissary building was nearly down; that Capt. Haskell's house had partially fallen and generally that all were in a very bad condition; that the mail company's stable melted down and the house was washing away; that Tully, Ochoa & Co.'s house was leaking in every room. The storm commenced there on the 14th and constantly continued for thirty-two hours. It then ceased until the 17th when it was renewed with greater force than before. The adobe buildings which stand almost any storm gave way in this one. The roads were in such bad state that it was deemed dangerous to start the mail out on time. At 10 p. m. of the 18th, snow and rain were falling heavier than at any time. Everybody about the post was wet-officers, citizens and soldiers.

On the 19th, Mr. Hamor wrote that snow was still falling that morning but with signs of clear weather. The snow was four inches deep about the post. The mail for Tueson was started notwithstanding the bad roads.

We have a letter of date 18th at San Pedro Crossing from which we quote as

follows:

It commenced raining here on the lift at 2 p. m. and continued thirty-six hours; and began again this morning at 3 o'clock and has continued till now 7 p. m. The clouds appear to be clearing away. The old settlers agree that this vicinity has never before been visited by such rulns as have fallen within a few days. The lower road to Camp Grant is reported impassable at present. The river has not raised as much here as might have been expected, but it is out of its banks down at the settlements.

On the 16th, sixteen men of Company P, Fifth Cavalry, left here for Camp Bowle. They were commanded by Sergeant Burkham, and had been sconting in this vicinity for a week.

THE table of distances published in THE Chrizen last week contained errors which are surprising, considering the sources of our original information. Our table gave the distance from Yuma to McDowell as 264 miles, whereas the military pay transportation for only 222; 325 was given from Yuma to Lowell, and the military pay for but 275; from Yuma to Bowle as given 437, and the military pay for only 380. We have no means at hand of making a like comparison with the whole list, but enough is given to east a doubt upon all. Probably the distances will average up accurately enough for general information but not for strict business calculations.

THE telegraph line went down at Oatman Flat on Wednesday evening and was not expected to be in working order be fore to-day. Several poles were washed away and some of the wire, so that when the repair party reached the break, they had to return to Stanwix for wire. Owing to this break we have no late dispatches from the States or west of Maricopa Wells. Mr. C. W. Gearlant, operator at Maricopa, very kindly furnished us a lot of news by mail which reached here last Saturday too late for the paper, but the more interesting of it was printed and posted about town that afternoon.

The break about ten miles from Tucson and mentioned in The CITIZEN last Saturday, was completely repaired that day. to this break we have no late dispatches

FROM the Yuma Sentinel of last Satur-

day:

Wm. R. Hooper & Co. dispatched during the week, by the wagon-train of F. Noriega, 2000 pounds government freight, and 12,000 pounds effizen freight to Camp Me-Dowell and Phenix. Trains that left here a week ago for Tueson, have got up as far as Fillibuster Camp, after much work in and through the mud and water.

Articles of incorporation have been filled in Sacramento, by the "Lord Byton Mining & Shipping Company." All grades of silver ores will be shipped from Fort Mohave and ofher points on the Colorado river, to San Francisco. The Company also propose to work mines, and erect reduction works in Arizona.

MANY cattle and some mules were lost lately about H. C. Hooker's ranch, O'-Reilley's station and between those places and Grant. The animals mired down in places where aid could not safely reach them, and then cold and hunger killed them outright.

A WASHINGTON telegram of the 14th, says Col. A. F. Rockwell of Yuma depot, is to relieve assistant quartermaster Capt. W. B. Hughes in San Francisco, who will thereafter take charge of Yuma depot.

HAVE you got a little Indian there?'

said the engineer, as we passed a young squaw with her papoose, standing at a de-pot on the Pacific railrout. "No," said she: "half Injun, half Injuneer!" The earliest reference to the game of en-chre is when the Levite "passed" and the good Samaritan "assisted."

WARNER BUCK.

ANDREW SNIDER.

SNIDER & BUCK,

Dealers in all kinds of Merchandise at Camp Grant, A. T.,

Consisting of

SUTLER'S SUPPLIES

For Officers, Soldiers and employees about a military post.

Farmers and Ranchers'

Tools and goods of every kind and qual-ity required by them.

Drovers and Stock Dealers

Will find our establishment filled with articles adapted to their wants.

Miners and Prospectors'

Tools and Supplies—and in fact just such articles as they must always have, we keepon hand.

We also keep a

Complete Variety of Goods,

Compse.
Such as Groceries,
Clothing,
Boots, Shoes, Liquors, Tobacc Farming and Mining Tools, Cigars, etc., etc.

Camp Grant is situated convenient to Pueblo Viejo and other new settlements on the Gila; not far from the noted Clifton Mines, on the roads between Camps Bow-ic and Apache, and San Carlos. Our prices are as low as any dealers and goods as good as can be purchased in the best markets. Patronage is respectfully solicited.

Camp Grant, A. T., December 20, 1873. 17

WILLIAM B. HOOPER and Co.

wm. B. Hooper, San Francisco California.

MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS,

COMMISSION AGENTS.

Yuma and Ehrenbert Arizona Territory.

IMPORTERS

By every Steamer, assuring full and fresh their varied select and heavy stock from European, Eastern and San Francisco Markets.

JOBBERS

To Merchants, Store and Station Keepers, Miners, Liquor Dealers, Rancheros and Transporters, at rates which guarantee satisfaction.

COMMISSIONS.

Through Correspondents in the Chief Cities of the World, orders are filled to the letter.

CONSIGNMENTS.

All Produce, Merchandise or Machinery for storage, sale or transmission are attend-ed to strictly in accordance with instruc-tions, and to the best interests of the own-

FORWARDING.

The most prompt dispatch and careful delivery assured. The connections and arrangements are perfect to every point in

Gold Dust, Gold and Silver Bullion, U.S. Bonds, Treasury Drafts, Legal Tenders, Soldiers' Warrants, Bankers, Drafts and good Commercial paper, Grain, Hides, Wool and ALL Territorial and Mexican Products bought at value FOR CASH, or advances made as may be desired.

Our Stock is complete. Our connections the best, and we offer to the people of Arizona, Sonora and New Mexica inducements not attainable at any other house on the Pacific Coast.

WM. B. HOOPER & CO. October 25, 1873.